UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

TRUSTEES OF THE NEW YORK CITY DISTRICT COUNCIL OF CARPENTERS PENSION FUND, WELFARE FUND, ANNUITY FUND, and APPRENTICESHIP, JOURNEYMAN RETRAINING, EDUCATIONAL AND INDUSTRY FUND, TRUSTEES OF THE NEW YORK CITY CARPENTERS RELIEF AND CHARITY FUND, the CARPENTER CONTRACTOR ALLIANCE OF METROPOLITAN NEW YORK, and the NEW YORK CITY DISTRICT COUNCIL OF CARPENTERS,

Petitioners,

-against-

AAA WINDOWS & DOORS CORPORATION,

Respondent.

USDC SDNY
DOCUMENT
ELECTRONICALLY FILED
DOC #:____
DATE FILED: 8/30/2022

1:22-cv-2128 (MKV)

ORDER CONFIRMING ARBITRATION AWARD

MARY KAY VYSKOCIL, United States District Judge:

This case was commenced with a petition to confirm an arbitration award. [Petition, ECF No. 1]. The Trustees of the New York City District Council of Carpenters Pension Fund, Welfare Fund, Annuity Fund, and Apprenticeship, Journeyman Retraining, Educational and Industry Fund, Trustees of the New York City Carpenters Relief and Charity Fund, the Carpenter Contractor Alliance of Metropolitan New York, and the New York City District Council of Carpenters ("Petitioners") served AAA Windows & Doors Corporation ("AAA" or "Respondent") with the Petition on March 24, 2022. [ECF No. 7]. AAA has never appeared or otherwise responded to the Petition. Petitioners requested that the petition be deemed an unopposed motion for summary judgment. [ECF No. 8]. Since that time, neither Party has taken any action in this matter. For the reasons discussed herein, the Court treats the Petition as an unopposed motion and grants summary judgment in favor of Petitioners.

BACKGROUND

Petitioners Trustees of the New York City District Council of Carpenters Pension,
Welfare, Annuity, Apprenticeship, Journeyman Retraining and Educational and Industry Funds
are "employer and employee trustees of multiemployer labor-management trust funds organized
and operated in accordance with" the Employee Retirement Income Security Act ("ERISA").

Petition ¶ 4. Petitioners Trustees of the New York City District Council of Carpenters Relief and
Charity Fund are trustees of a New York charitable organization. Petition ¶ 5. Petitioner
Carpenter Contractor Alliance of Metropolitan New York is a New York not-for-profit
corporation. Petition ¶ 6. Petitioner New York City District Council of Carpenters is a labor
organization that is the certified bargaining representative for "certain employees of the
Respondent." Petition ¶ 7.

Respondent AAA is a domestic business corporation organized under the laws of the State of New Jersey, doing business in New York State and registered with the New York State Department of State's Division of Corporations. Petition ¶ 8. AAA has performed work on public projects for the New York State Office of General Services ("OGS"), including at the project known as New York Psychiatric Institute, project No. 44219C (the "Project"). Petition ¶ 9. In connection with that project, AAA executed a Project Labor Agreement Letter of Assent ("PLA LOA"), which bound AAA to the OGS NYPI Lab Conversion Project Labor Agreement (the "PLA"). [ECF No. 1-1]. By way of its assent to the PLA, Respondent also became bound by the applicable collective bargaining agreement with the New York City District Council of Carpenters, to the extent such terms did not conflict with the PLA. [ECF No. 1-2, Article 2]. Under those agreements, AAA was required to contribute to the Petitioner funds. *See* Petition ¶ 17. Petitioners bring this action seeking the confirmation of an arbitral award arising out of the failure of Respondent AAA to contribute to the required funds from April 12, 2018 through

December 7, 2019. *See* Petition ¶¶ 23–26. Specifically, on February 2, 2022, an Arbitration panel awarded Petitioners \$26,992.96, consisting of "(a) the principal deficiency of \$24,763.22; (b) interest of \$3,238.29; (c) liquidated damages of \$4,952.64; (d) audit costs of \$3,543.50; (e) promotional fund contributions of \$48.40; (f) previous late payment interest of \$1,569.59; (g) bond fee of \$11,797.16; (h) court costs of \$400; (i) attorneys' fees of \$1,500; and (j) arbitrator's fee of \$1,000; less payment on account of \$25,820.24." [Arbitration Award, ECF No. 1-10].

LEGAL STANDARD

Petitioners request confirmation of the Arbitration Award pursuant to Section 301 of the Taft-Hartley Labor Management Relations Act (the "LMRA"), 29 U.S.C. § 185. Petition ¶ 1. Judicial "review of an arbitration award under the LMRA is . . . very limited." Nat'l Football League Mgmt. Council v. Nat'l Football League Players Ass'n, 820 F.3d 527, 536 (2d Cir. 2016) (internal quotation marks omitted). Thus, "unless the award is procured through fraud or dishonesty, a reviewing court is bound by the arbitrator's factual findings, interpretation of the contract and suggested remedies." Trs. of the N.Y.C. Dist. Council of Carpenters Pension Fund v. High Performance Floors Inc., No. 15 Civ. 781 (LGS), 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 73898, 2016 WL 3194370, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. June 6, 2016) (quoting Local 97, Int'l Bhd. of Elec. Workers v. Niagara Mohawk Power Corp., 196 F.3d 117, 124 (2d Cir. 1999)). This Court's role is to ensure "that the arbitrator was 'even arguably construing or applying the contract and acting within the scope of his authority' and did not 'ignore the plain language of the contract." Nat'l Football League, 820 F.3d at 537 (quoting United Paperworkers Int'l Union, AFL-CIO v. Misco, Inc., 484 U.S. 29, 38 (1987)). At bottom, the "[c]onfirmation of a labor arbitration award under LMRA § 301 is a summary proceeding that merely makes what is already a final arbitration award a judgment of the Court." Trs. for the Mason Tenders Dist. Council Welfare Fund, Pension Fund,

Annuity Fund & Training Program Fund v. Odessy Constructioncorp, No. 14 Civ. 1560 (GHW), 2014 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 106451, 2014 WL 3844619, at *1 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 1, 2014).

When a petition to confirm an arbitration award is unopposed, district courts must generally treat "the petition and accompanying record . . . as akin to a motion for summary judgment." *D.H. Blair & Co. v. Gottdiener*, 462 F.3d 95, 109 (2d Cir. 2006). For that reason, the Second Circuit has held that "default judgments in confirmation/vacatur proceedings are generally inappropriate." *Id.*; *City of New York v. Mickalis Pawn Shop, LLC*, 645 F.3d 114, 136 (2d Cir. 2011). While the court accepts the unopposed facts stated in the record and petition as true, an unopposed confirmation petition "must fail where the undisputed facts fail to show that the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law." *D.H. Blair*, 462 F.3d at 110.

DISCUSSION

All Agreements together required Respondent to contribute to the at-issue ERISA funds. [See ECF No. 1-2, Article 11; ECF No. 1-3, Article XV]. When Respondent did not, Petitioner invoked the Agreements' arbitration clauses and initiated an arbitration proceeding. See Petition ¶¶ 23–26. After a hearing, the arbitrator awarded Petitioners the amount of delinquent contributions, interest, liquidated damages, underlying attorneys' fees and costs, for a total of \$26,992.96.

The arbitrator in the underlying proceeding was "applying the contract and acting within the scope of his authority" when rendering the award. *See Nat'l Football League*, 820 F.3d at 537. The unopposed record does not suggest that the award was procured through means of fraud or dishonesty. AAA was required to pay funds under the Agreements. [*See* ECF No. 1-2, Article 11; ECF No. 1-3, Article XV].

When AAA did not, Petitioners exercised their right to arbitrate the dispute. *See* Petition ¶¶ 23–26. An independent arbitrator then determined an appropriate award that took into

account the contribution deficiencies and other remedies available under the Parties' agreements. [See ECF No. 1-2, Article 11; ECF No. 1-3, Article XV]. The independent arbitrator awarded Petitioners \$26,992.96, which consisted of: "(a) the principal deficiency of \$24,763.22; (b) interest of \$3,238.29; (c) liquidated damages of \$4,952.64; (d) audit costs of \$3,543.50; (e) promotional fund contributions of \$48.40; (f) previous late payment interest of \$1,569.59; (g) bond fee of \$11,797.16; (h) court costs of \$400; (i) attorneys' fees of \$1,500; and (j) arbitrator's fee of \$1,000; less payment on account of \$25,820.24." Petition ¶ 28; Arbitration Award at 3.

This Court now "makes what is already a final arbitration award a judgment of the Court." *Trs. for the Mason Tenders Dist. Council Welfare Fund*, 2014 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 106451, 2014 WL 3844619, at *1. Finding no material issue of fact that would preclude confirmation of the arbitrator's award, the Court confirms the award in all respects.

The applicable collective bargaining agreement further provides for an entitlement to reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred in this action. [See ECF No. 1-3, Article XV]. Counsel of record in this matter has provided an hourly accounting of time spent preparing the petition and filings for a total of \$1,017.50 in attorneys' fees and \$77 in costs. [ECF No. 1-12]. Finding the fees to be reasonable, the Court additionally awards attorneys' fees and costs in the amount of \$1,094.50. Petition ¶¶ 33–41; see Trs. of the N.Y. City Dist. Council of Carpenters Pension Fund v. Dejil Sys., 2012 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 123143, at *11 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 29, 2012) ("In confirmation proceedings, the guiding principle has been stated as follows: when a challenger refuses to abide by an arbitrator's decision without justification, attorney's fees and

costs may properly be awarded.") (internal quotation marks omitted). Post-judgment interest will accrue at the statutory rate pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1961.¹

The Clerk of the Court respectfully is requested to enter judgment pursuant to Rule 58(a) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and close this case.

SO ORDERED.

Date: August 30, 2022

New York, NY

MARY KAY VYSKOCIL United States District Judge

Mary Kay Vyckocil

¹ That statute provides that "[i]nterest shall be allowed on any money judgment in a civil case recovered in a district court . . . "at a rate equal to the weekly average 1-year constant maturity Treasury yield" 28 U.S.C. § 1961.